IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (canceled)
- 2. (canceled)
- 3. (canceled)
- 4. (canceled)
- 5. (canceled)
- 6. (Currently amended) An assay <u>releasing</u> reagent <u>for macrophilins</u> comprising (a) an effective amount of the compound having the formula:

wherein R is <u>contains</u> an alkyl, aryl, allyl, carbonyl, carboxylate, amide, ester, phosphonate, phosphate, sulfonate, sulfate, amidine, <u>or</u> carbamate <u>functional group</u>; and R" is <u>contains</u> an alky aryl, allyl, carbonyl, carboxylate, amide, ester, phosphonate, phosphate, sulfonate, sulfate, amidine, <u>or</u> carbamate <u>functional group</u> or H; <u>and</u> (b) a <u>buffer solution</u>.

7. (Currently amended) A method of determining the presence of a macrophilin-binding pharmaceutical composition in a sample comprising: adding to the sample a binding competitor of the formula:

wherein R is R is alkyl, aryl, allyl, each having less than 25 carbons or H, and R' is alkyl, aryl, allyl, each having less than 25 carbons or H of claim 1 to the sample; adding a receptor that binds to the pharmaceutical but not significantly to the binding competitor; detecting the receptor-pharmaceutical composition and determining the amount of the pharmaceutical.

8. (Original) The method of claim 7 wherein the pharmaceutical is rapamycin (sirolimus), everolimus or tacrolimus (FK506).

9. (Currently amended) A method of determining the presence of a macrophilin-binding pharmaceutical composition in a sample comprising: adding <u>to the sample</u> a binding competitor of the formula:

wherein R is R is alkyl, aryl, allyl, each having less than 25 carbons or H, and

R' is alkyl, aryl, allyl, each having less than 25 carbons or H of claim 3 to the sample; adding a receptor that binds to the pharmaceutical but not significantly to the binding competitor; detecting the receptor-pharmaceutical composition and determining the amount of the pharmaceutical.

- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9 wherein the pharmaceutical is rapamycin (sirolimus), everolimus or tacrolimus (FK506).
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 10 wherein R or R' is ethyl.

- 12. (Currently amended) A method of determining the presence of a macrophilin-binding pharmaceutical eomposition in a sample comprising: adding a binding competitor of the formula of claim 6 to the sample; adding a receptor that binds to the pharmaceutical but not significantly to the binding competitor; detecting the receptor-pharmaceutical eomposition and determining the amount of the pharmaceutical.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 12 wherein the pharmaceutical is rapamycin, (sirolimus), everolimus or tacrolimus (FK506).
- 14. (New) The method of claim 8 wherein R or R' is ethyl.